# Your Child at 4 Years



Milestones matter! How your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, and moves offers important clues about his or her development. Check the milestones your child has reached by age 4. Take this with you and talk with your child's doctor at every well-child visit about the milestones your child has reached and what to expect next.

## What Most Children Do by this Age:

### Social/Emotional

- Enjoys doing new things
- Plays "Mom" and "Dad"
- □ Is more and more creative with make-believe play
- □ Would rather play with other children than by himself
- □ Cooperates with other children
- Often can't tell what's real and what's make-believe
- Talks about what she likes and what she is interested in

### Language/Communication

- Knows some basic rules of grammar, such as correctly using "he" and "she"
- Sings a song or says a poem from memory such as the "Itsy Bitsy Spider" or the "Wheels on the Bus"
- Tells stories
- Can say first and last name

### Cognitive (learning. thinking. problem-solving)

- □ Names some colors and some numbers
- Understands the idea of counting
- Starts to understand time
- Remembers parts of a story
- Understands the idea of "same" and "different"
- Draws a person with 2 to 4 body parts
- Uses scissors
- □ Starts to copy some capital letters
- Plays board or card games
- Tells you what he thinks is going to happen next in a book

### Movement/Physical Development

Hops and stands on one foot up to 2 seconds

- Catches a bounced ball most of the time
- Pours, cuts with supervision, and mashes own food

### You Know Your Child Best.

Act early if you have concerns about the way your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, or moves, or if your child:

- □ Is missing milestones
- Can't jump in place
- Has trouble scribbling
- □ Shows no interest in interactive games or make-believe
- Ignores other children or doesn't respond to people outside the family
- □ Resists dressing, sleeping, and using the toilet
- Can't retell a favorite story
- Doesn't follow 3-part commands
- Doesn't understand "same" and "different"
- Doesn't use "me" and "you" correctly
- □ Speaks unclearly
- Loses skills he once had

### Tell your child's doctor or nurse if you notice any of these signs of possible developmental delay and ask for a developmental screening.

If you or the doctor is still concerned

- 1. Ask for a referral to a specialist and,
- 2. Call any local public elementary school for a free evaluation to find out if your child can get services to help.

For more information, go to cdc.gov/Concerned.

### DON'T WAIT. Acting early can make a real difference!



www.cdc.gov/ActEarly 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636)



Download CDC's Milestone Tracker App

Learn the Signs. Act Early.

## Help Your Child Learn and Grow

You can help your child learn and grow. Talk, read, sing, and play together every day. Below are some activities to enjoy with your 4-year-old child today.



#### What You Can Do for Your 4-Year-Old: Use words like "first," "second," and "finally" when Play make-believe with your child. Let her be the leader and copy what she is doing. talking about everyday activities. This will help your child learn about sequence of events. Suggest your child pretend play an upcoming event that might make him nervous, like going to preschool Take time to answer your child's "why" questions. If you don't know the answer, say "I don't know," or or staying overnight at a grandparent's house. help your child find the answer in a book, on the Give your child simple choices whenever you can. Internet, or from another adult. Let your child choose what to wear, play, or eat for a snack. Limit choices to 2 or 3. When you read with your child, ask him to tell you what happened in the story as you go. During play dates, let your child solve her own problems with friends, but be nearby to help out Say colors in books, pictures, and things at home. if needed. Count common items, like the number of snack crackers, stairs, or toy trains. Encourage your child to use words, share toys, and take turns playing games of one another's choice. Teach your child to play outdoor games like tag, follow the leader, and duck, duck, goose. Give your child toys to build imagination, like dress-up clothes, kitchen sets, and blocks. Play your child's favorite music and dance with your child. Take turns copying each other's moves. Use good grammar when speaking to your child. Instead of "Mommy wants you to come here," say, "I want you to come here."

Milestones adapted from CARING FOR YOUR BABY AND YOUNG CHILD: BIRTH TO AGE 5, Fifth Edition, edited by Steven Shelov and Tanya Remer Altmann © 1991, 1993, 1998, 2004, 2009 by the American Academy of Pediatrics and BRIGHT FUTURES: GUIOELINES FOR HEALTH SUPERVISION OF INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND ADOLESCENTS, Third Edition, edited by Joseph Hagan, Jr., Judith S. Shaw, and Paula M. Duncan, 2008, Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics.

This milestone checklist is not a substitute for a standardized, validated developmental screening tool.

www.cdc.gov/ActEarly



## Learn the Signs. Act Early.

1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636)

# Your Child at 5 Years



Milestones matter! How your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, and moves offers important clues about his or her development. Check the milestones your child has reached by age 5. Take this with you and talk with your child's doctor at every well-child visit about the milestones your child has reached and what to expect next.

## What Most Children Do by this Age:

### Social/Emotional

- Wants to please friends
- Wants to be like friends
- More likely to agree with rules
- Likes to sing, dance, and act
- Is aware of gender
- □ Can tell what's real and what's make-believe
- □ Shows more independence (for example, may visit a next-door neighbor by himself [adult supervision is still needed])
- □ Is sometimes demanding and sometimes very cooperative

### Language/Communication

- Speaks very clearly
- □ Tells a simple story using full sentences
- □ Uses future tense; for example, "Grandma will be here."
- Says name and address

### Cognitive (learning, thinking, problem-solving)

- Counts 10 or more things
- Can draw a person with at least 6 body parts
- Can print some letters or numbers
- Copies a triangle and other geometric shapes
- □ Knows about things used every day, like money and food

### Movement/Physical Development

- □ Stands on one foot for 10 seconds or longer
- □ Hops; may be able to skip
- Can do a somersault
- Uses a fork and spoon and sometimes a table knife
- Can use the toilet on her own
- $\hfill\square$  Swings and climbs

### You Know Your Child Best.

Act early if you have concerns about the way your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, or moves, or if your child:

- Is missing milestones
- Doesn't show a wide range of emotions
- Shows extreme behavior (unusually fearful, aggressive, shy or sad)
- Unusually withdrawn and not active
- Is easily distracted, has trouble focusing on one activity for more than 5 minutes
- Doesn't respond to people, or responds only superficially
- □ Can't tell what's real and what's make-believe
- Doesn't play a variety of games and activities
- Can't give first and last name
- Doesn't use plurals or past tense properly
- Doesn't talk about daily activities or experiences
- Doesn't draw pictures
- Can't brush teeth, wash and dry hands, or get undressed without help
- □ Loses skills he once had

#### Tell your child's doctor or nurse if you notice any of these signs of possible developmental delay and ask for a developmental screening.

If you or the doctor is still concerned

- 1. Ask for a referral to a specialist and,
- 2. Call any local public elementary school for a free evaluation to find out if your child can get services to help.

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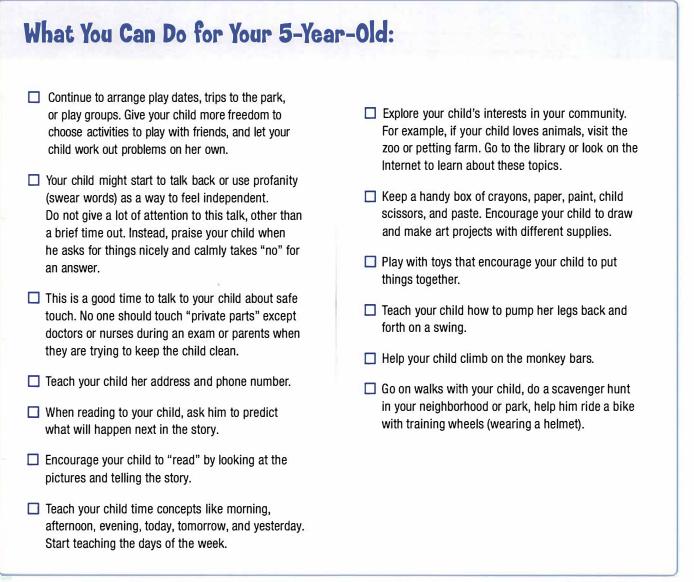


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## Help Your Child Learn and Grow

You can help your child learn and grow. Talk, read, sing, and play together every day. Below are some activities to enjoy with your 5-year-old child today.



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